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# Short-Term Economic Projections for Latin America and the Caribbean

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# Presentation Overview

- Methodological aspects of projection methodology
- Economic Outlook for LAC
  - Outlook for 2005
  - Main challenges



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# Projection Methodology

- The methodology is based on the conceptual framework provided by SNA 93
  - Quarterly data on components of GDP

- Expenditure

$$\text{GDP} = \underbrace{\text{CP} + \text{CG}}_{\text{C}} + \underbrace{\text{FBKF} + \text{EX}}_{\text{I}} + \text{X} - \text{M}$$

Internal Demand

- Production

$$\text{GDP} = \underbrace{\text{GG} + \text{Trade} + \text{Construction} + \text{Utilities} + \text{TC} + \text{SS}}_{\text{Aggregate Value Added (VAB)}} + \text{Tax}$$



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# Projection Methodology

- Seasonal Adjustment Using TRAMO-SEATS - X/12-ARIMA.
- ARIMA methodology used for individual component projection.
- Aggregation of Components
- Comparison with current quarter projection using monthly data.



# Projection Methodology

- External Sector
  - Demand function:

$$X=f(Y^w,P) , M=f(Y^d,P)$$

- The demand functions are estimated using multivariate time series analysis (VAR – VEC)



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# Projection Methodology

- Consistency Analysis
  - Projections are adjusted to maintain the relationships that exist between the components of GDP under SNA93, e.g. The relationship between Taxes, Imports and Trade
- Discussion with Desk-Officers and Regional Offices



# Economic Outlook

- Economic Outlook 2005
  - International Scenario – Recent trends and projections
  - Latin America and the Caribbean
    - GDP
    - Inflation
    - Trade Balance

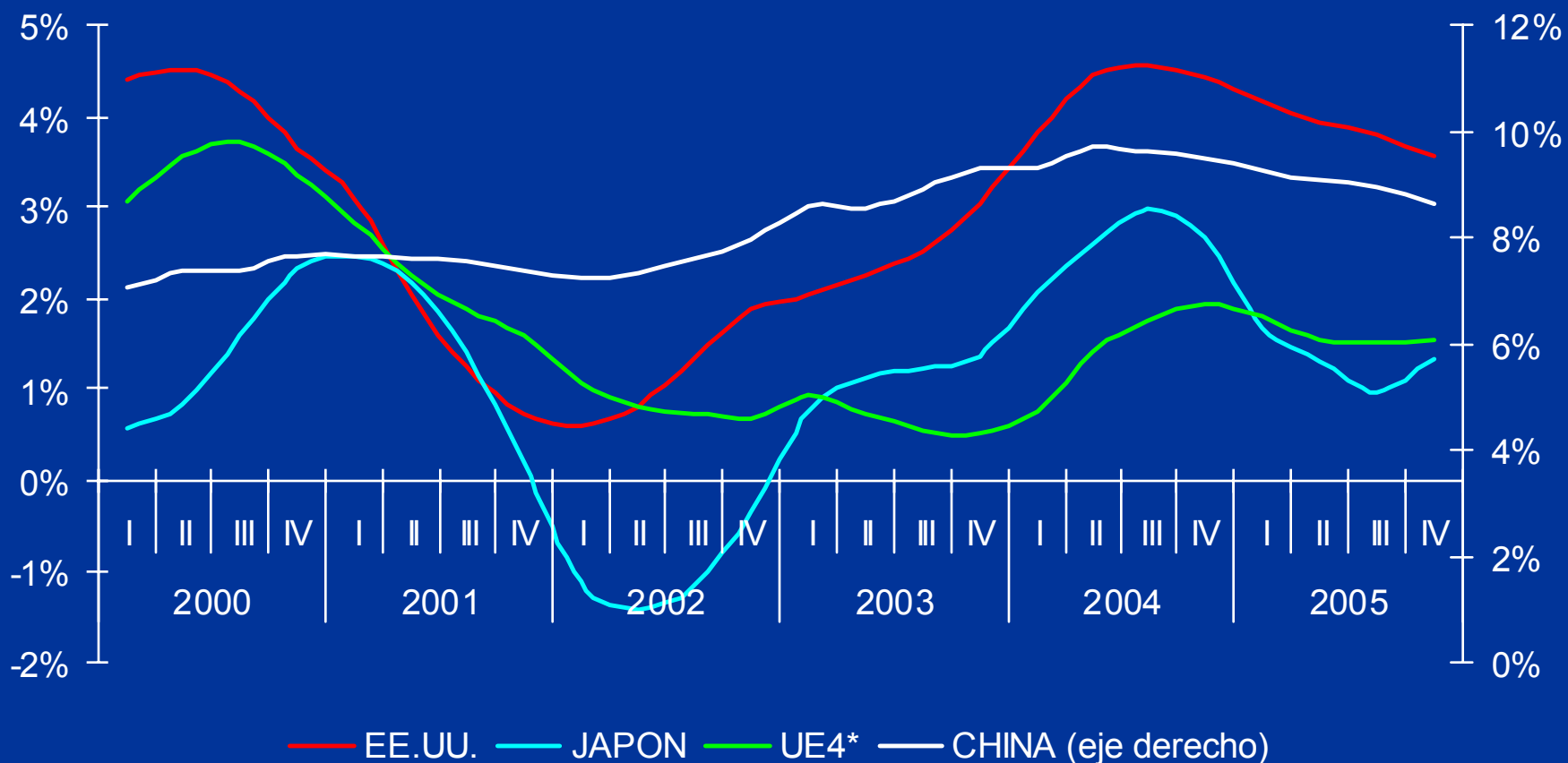


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# Economic Outlook

World: GDP growth 2000 - 2005





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# Economic Outlook

## International Interest Rates: LIBOR 1998-2005



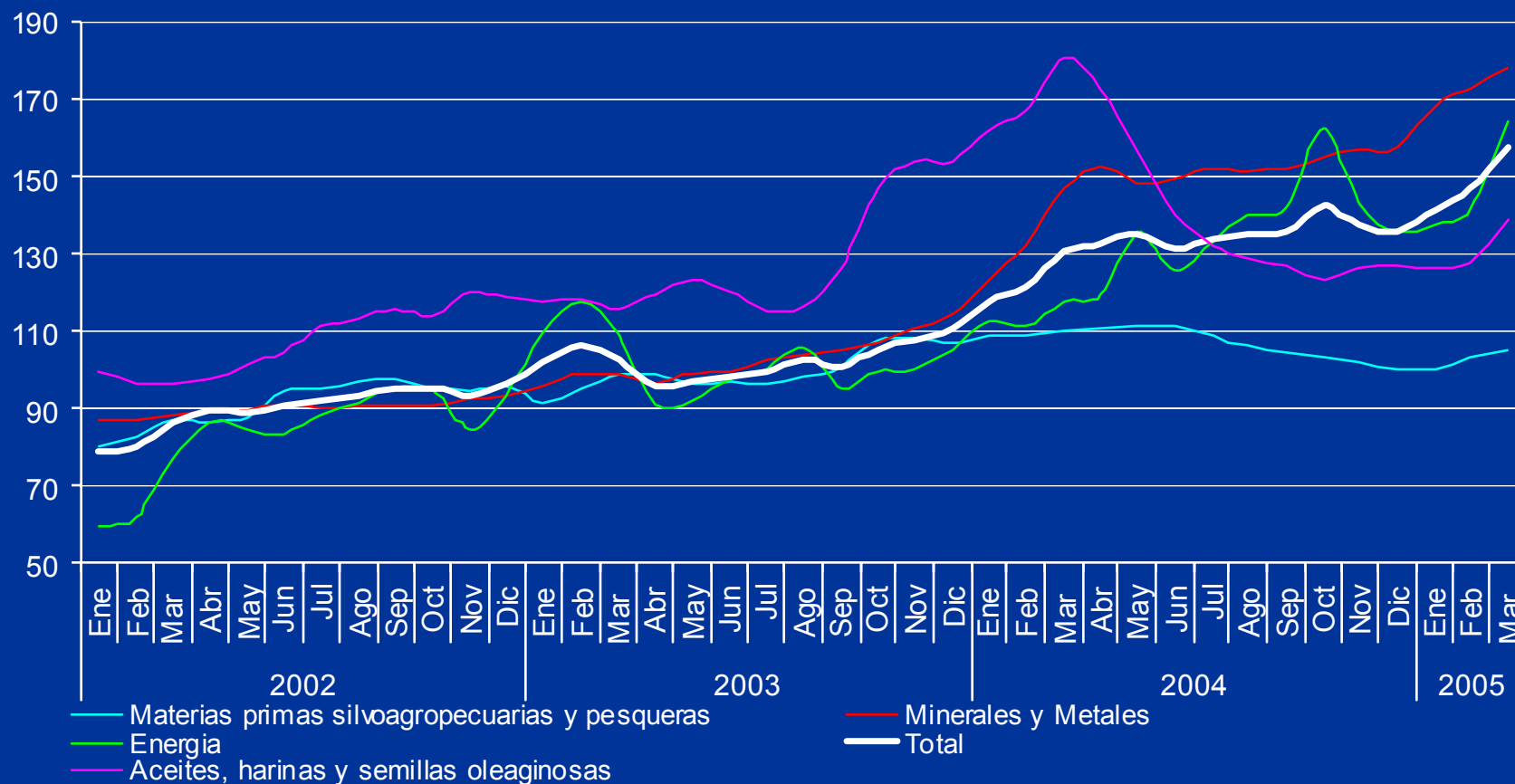


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# Economic Outlook

Commodity Price Indices: 2002 – 2005  
2000=100



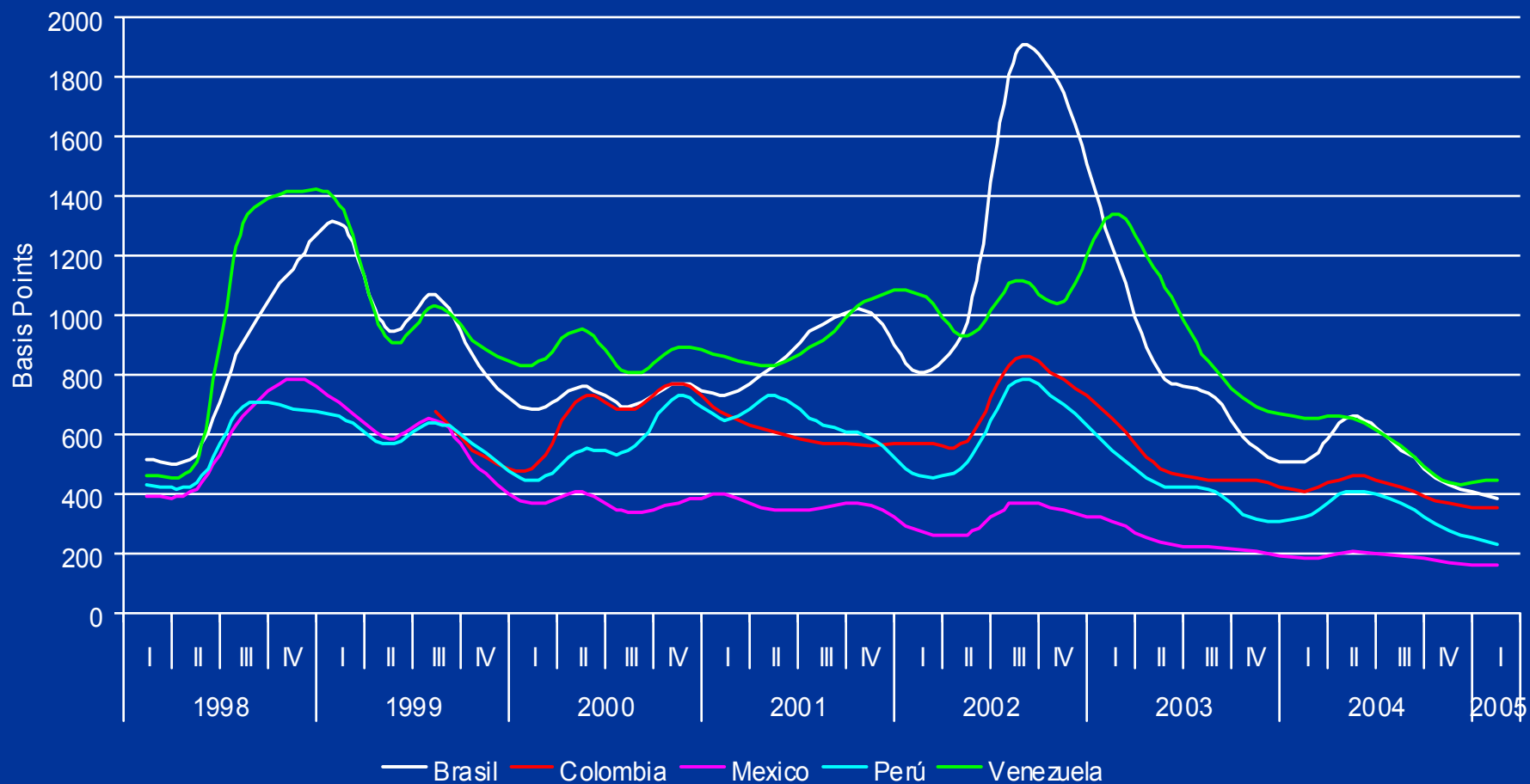


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# Economic Outlook

## Latin American Sovereign Bond Spreads 1998 - 2005



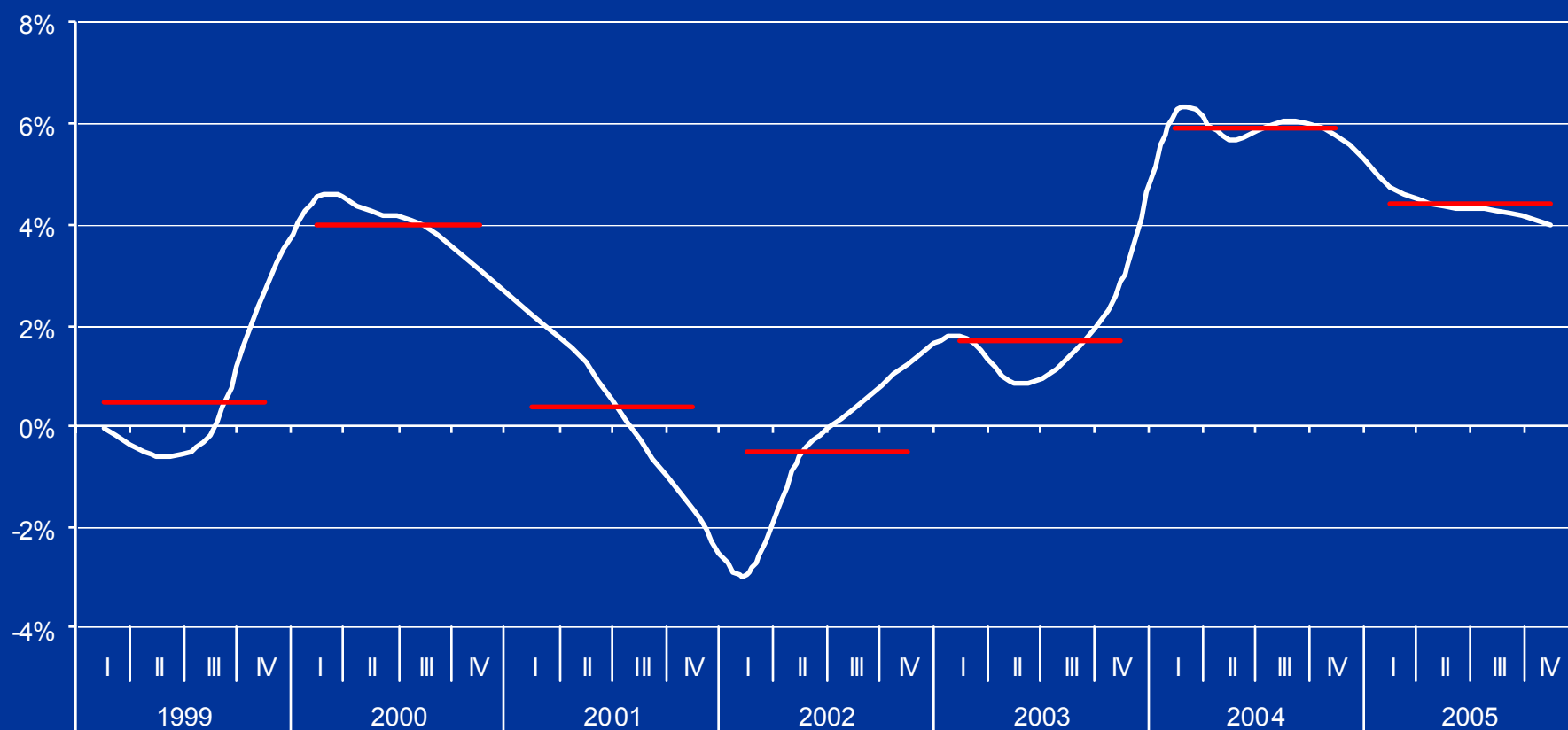


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# Economic Outlook

Latin America and the Caribbean: GDP growth 1999 - 2005



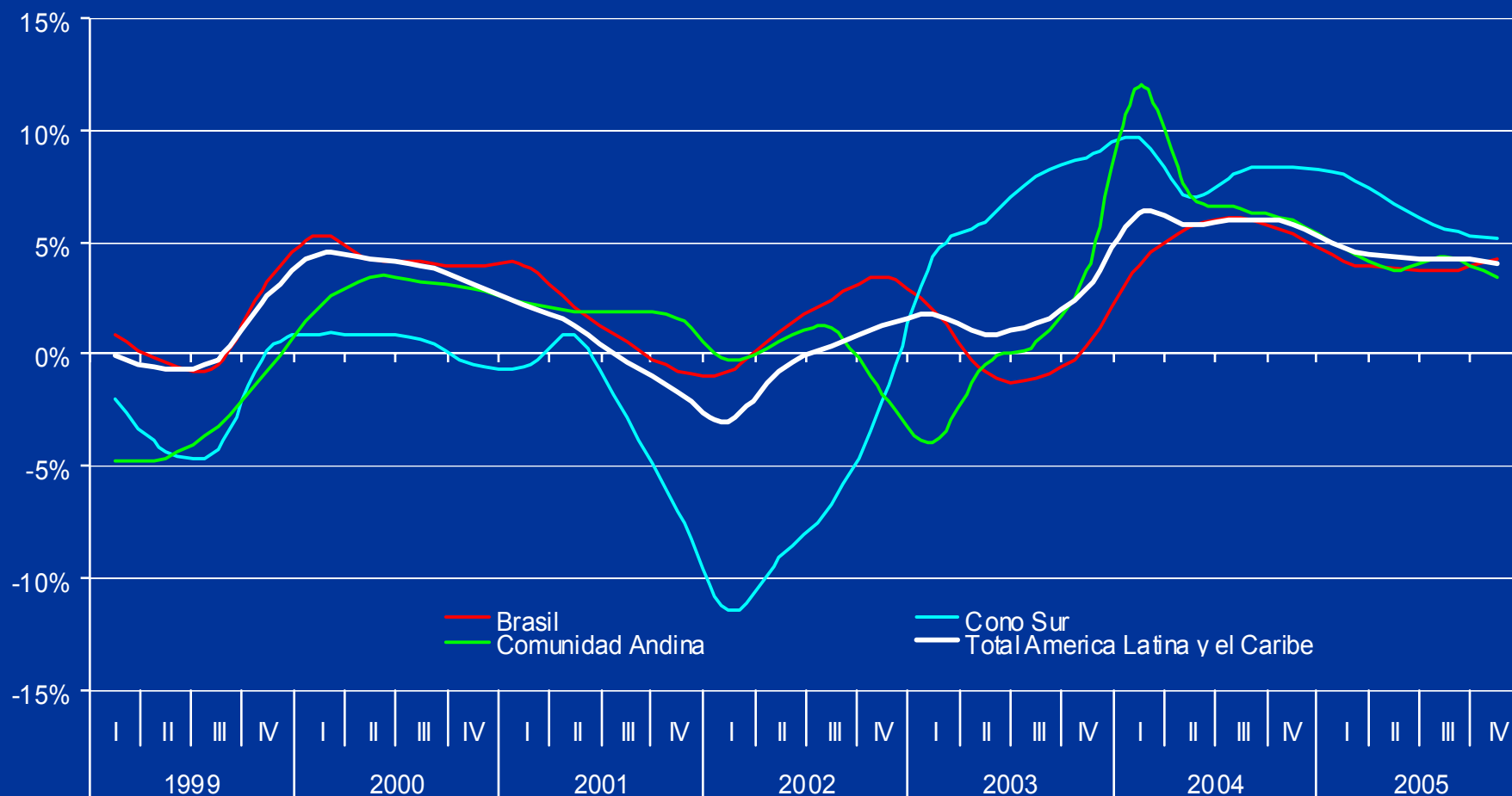


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# Economic Outlook

## South America: GDP growth 1999 - 2005



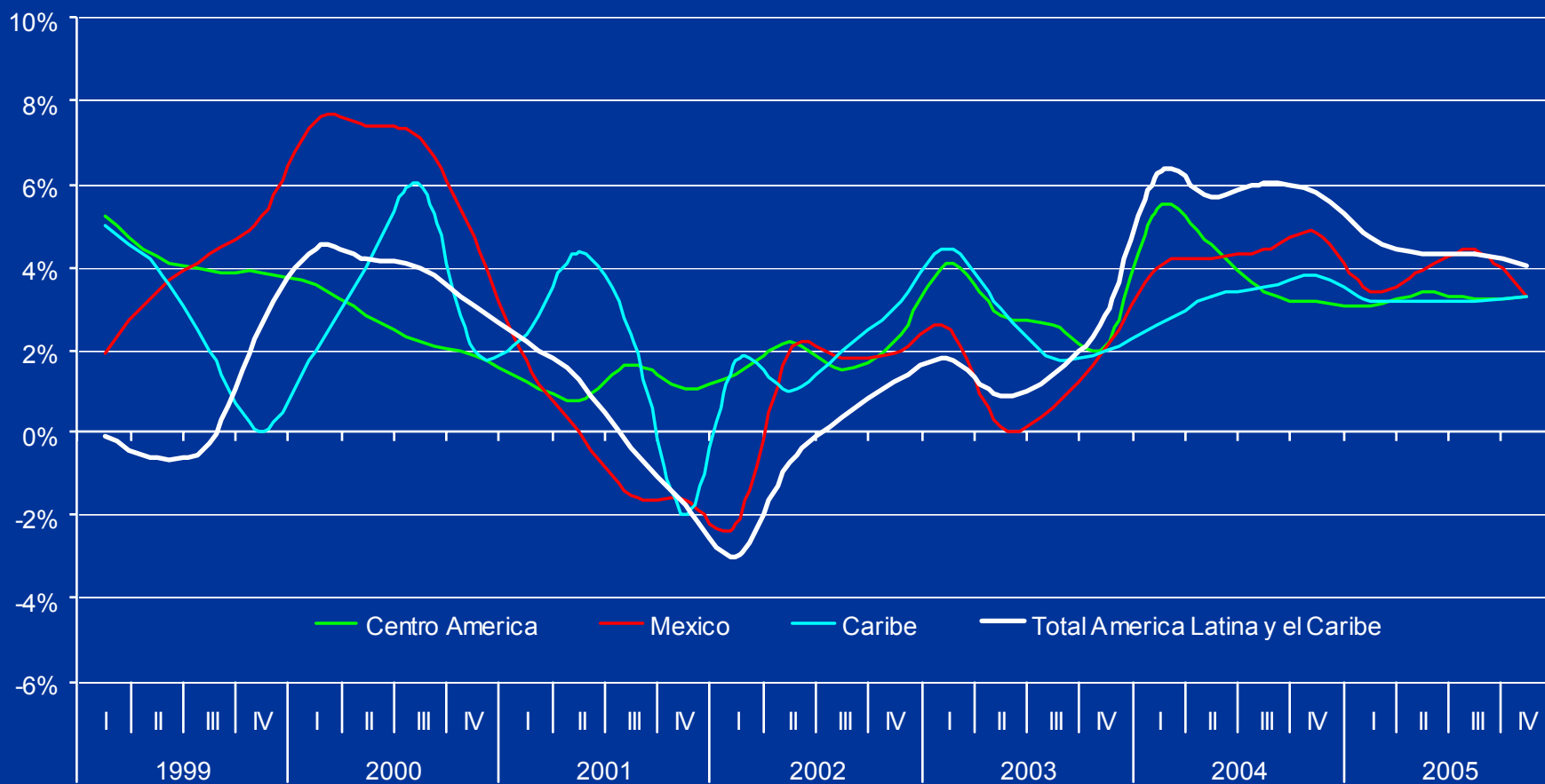


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# Economic Outlook

Mexico, Central America and the Caribbean: GDP growth 1999 - 2005





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# Economic Outlook

## Latin America and the Caribbean: GDP growth rates 2004 - 2005

| País                 | 2004       | Escenario 2005 |            |            |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
|                      |            | Bajo           | Proyectado | Alto       |
| Argentina            | 9,0        | 6,0            | 6,5        | 7,0        |
| Bolivia              | 3,8        | 3,0            | 3,3        | 3,4        |
| Brasil               | 5,2        | 3,7            | 4,0        | 4,3        |
| Chile                | 6,1        | 5,6            | 6,2        | 6,4        |
| Colombia             | 4,0        | 3,1            | 3,5        | 3,6        |
| Costa Rica           | 4,2        | 3,3            | 3,5        | 4,0        |
| Ecuador              | 6,9        | 3,0            | 3,4        | 3,6        |
| El Salvador          | 1,5        | 2,2            | 2,5        | 2,7        |
| Guatemala            | 2,7        | 2,5            | 3,0        | 3,7        |
| Honduras             | 5,0        | 3,8            | 4,2        | 4,5        |
| México               | 4,4        | 3,5            | 3,8        | 4,0        |
| Nicaragua            | 5,1        | 3,5            | 4,0        | 4,5        |
| Panamá               | 6,2        | 4,0            | 4,5        | 5,0        |
| Paraguay             | 2,9        | 2,4            | 3,0        | 3,4        |
| Perú                 | 5,1        | 4,0            | 4,5        | 5,1        |
| República Dominicana | 2,0        | 2,2            | 2,5        | 2,7        |
| Uruguay              | 12,4       | 5,7            | 6,0        | 6,3        |
| Venezuela            | 17,3       | 5,0            | 6,5        | 8,0        |
| Caribe               | 4,1        | 3,5            | 4,0        | 4,5        |
| <b>Total</b>         | <b>5,8</b> | <b>4,0</b>     | <b>4,4</b> | <b>4,7</b> |

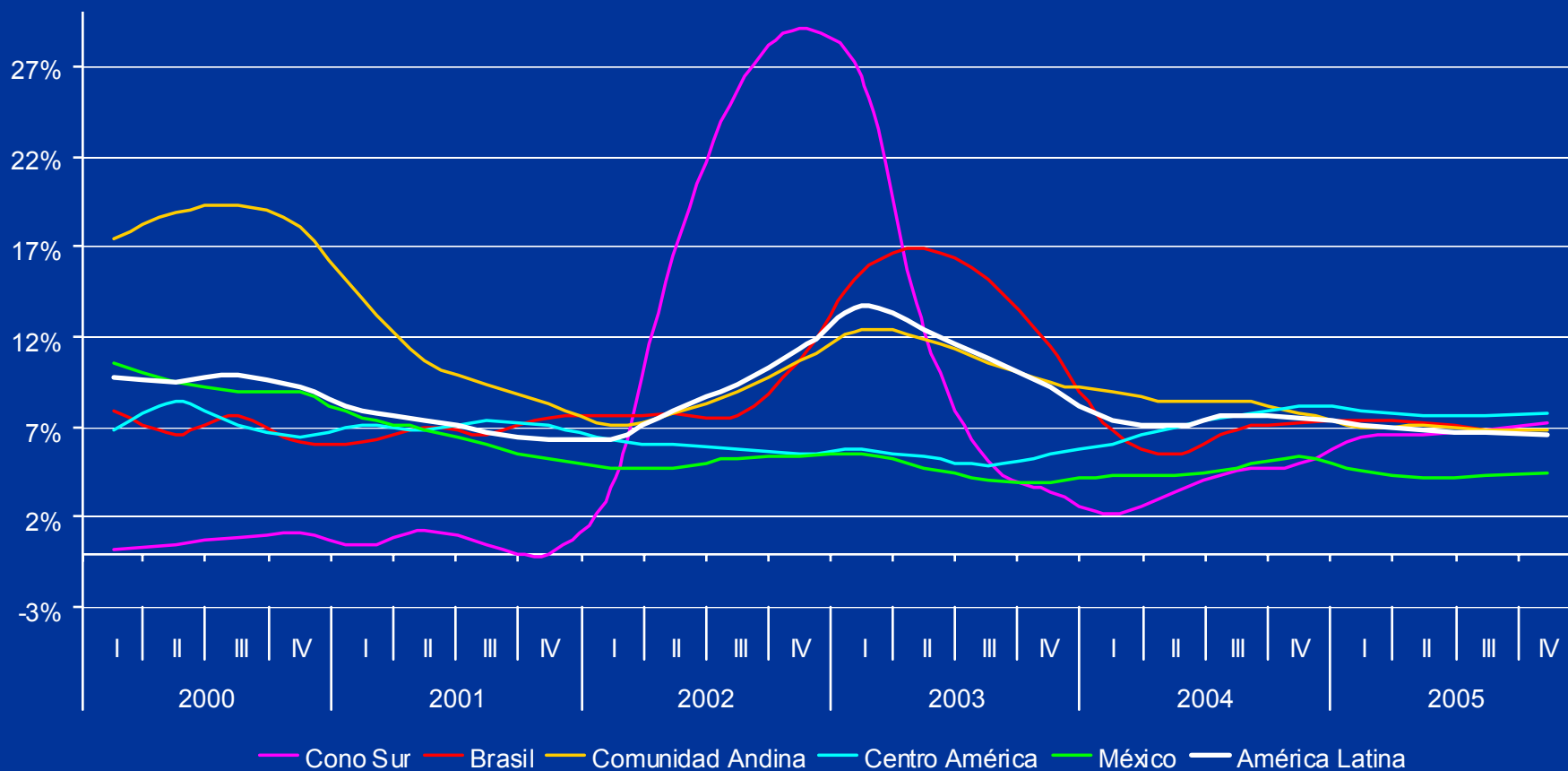


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# Economic Outlook

## Latin America: Inflation 2000 - 2005





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# Economic Outlook

## Latin America: Inflation 2004 - 2005

|                      | 2004       | Escenario 2005 |            |            |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
|                      |            | Bajo           | Proyectado | Alto       |
| Argentina            | 6,1        | 7,0            | 9,5        | 12,0       |
| Bolivia              | 4,6        | 4,5            | 5,0        | 5,5        |
| Brasil               | 7,6        | 5,0            | 6,6        | 8,2        |
| Chile                | 2,4        | 2,0            | 2,5        | 3,0        |
| Colombia             | 5,5        | 4,0            | 5,1        | 6,0        |
| Costa Rica           | 13,1       | 11,0           | 11,5       | 13,0       |
| Ecuador              | 1,9        | 1,5            | 2,1        | 3,5        |
| El Salvador          | 5,3        | 3,0            | 4,1        | 5,0        |
| Guatemala            | 9,2        | 8,0            | 8,9        | 10,0       |
| Honduras             | 9,2        | 8,0            | 9,1        | 10,0       |
| México               | 5,2        | 3,5            | 4,4        | 5,5        |
| Nicaragua            | 8,9        | 8,0            | 9,7        | 10,0       |
| Panamá               | 1,6        | 1,0            | 2,1        | 3,0        |
| Paraguay             | 2,8        | 4,0            | 4,9        | 6,0        |
| Perú                 | 3,5        | 2,0            | 2,3        | 3,0        |
| República Dominicana | 28,7       | 10,0           | 12,3       | 15,0       |
| Uruguay              | 7,6        | 5,5            | 6,5        | 7,5        |
| Venezuela            | 19,2       | 16,0           | 19,4       | 22,0       |
| <b>Total</b>         | <b>7,4</b> | <b>5,2</b>     | <b>6,6</b> | <b>8,0</b> |

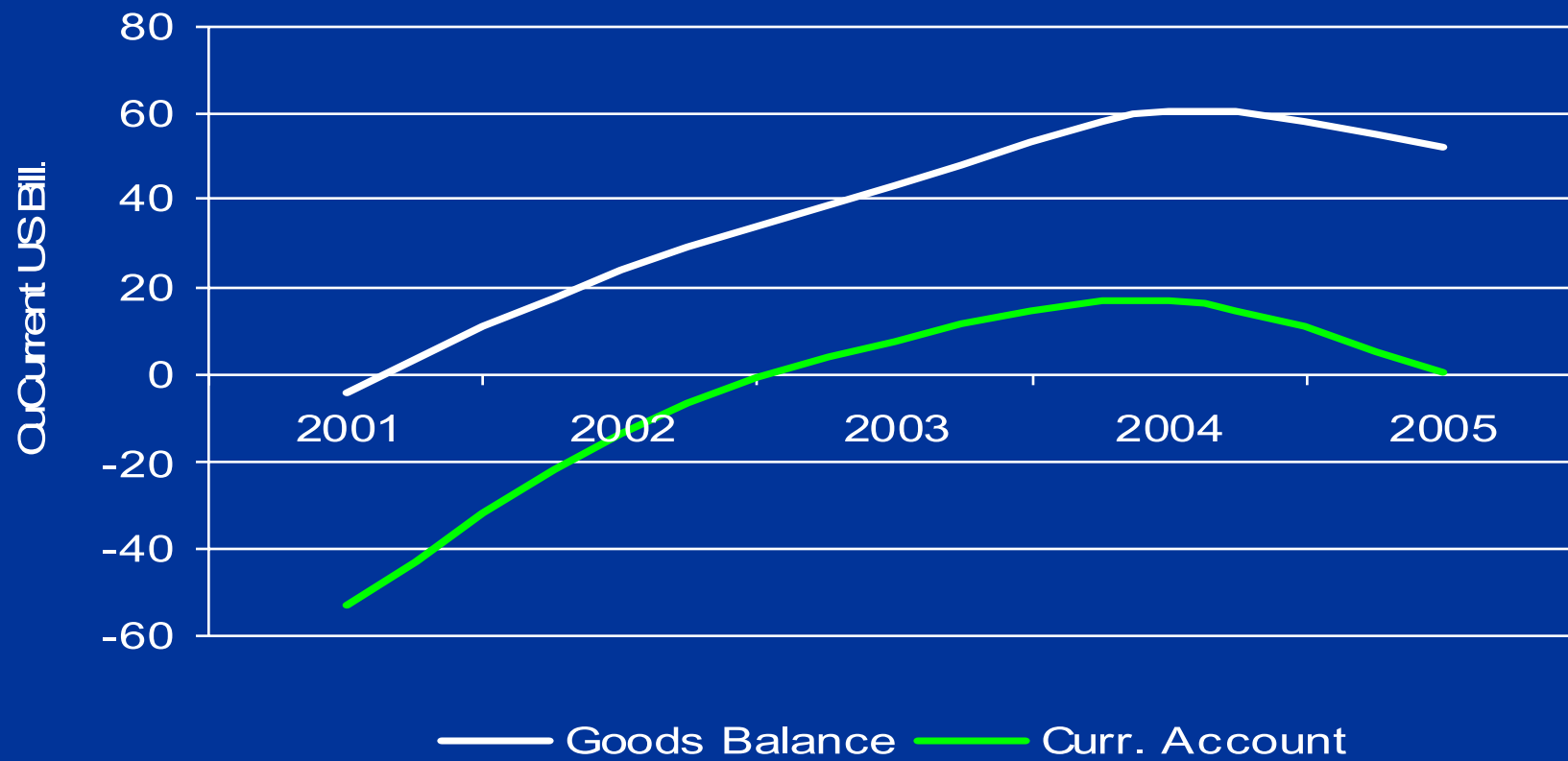


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# Economic Outlook

Latin America: Trade Balance and Current Account 2001 - 2005





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# Main Challenges

- Trade and Fiscal Deficit in the US
- Effects of Oil Prices
- Domestic Demand
- Investment
- Fiscal Policy



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